(As Amended)

## **IN THE CLAIMS**

Please amend the claims as follows:

- 1.-26. (Canceled)
- 27. (New) A method, comprising:

receiving from multiple stations a plurality of uplinked spatial division multiple access (SDMA) data streams that are out of synchronism by a time period greater than an allowed guard band time period;

converting the plurality of SDMA data streams from a first time domain to a frequency domain;

separating the plurality of SDMA data streams into a separated plurality of data streams in the frequency domain;

converting the separated plurality of data streams from the frequency domain to a second time domain; and

synchronizing the separated plurality of data streams in the second time domain.

- 28. (New) The method of claim 27, wherein the receiving comprises: receiving at least some of the plurality of SDMA data streams as data streams that include a plurality of non-aligned orthogonal frequency division multiplexed symbols.
- 29. (New) The method of claim 27, wherein the receiving comprises: receiving the plurality of SDMA data streams in response to a polling communication.
- 30. (New) The method of claim 29, wherein the polling communication comprises multiple polling messages overlapping in time and corresponding in number to the multiple stations.
- 31. (New) The method of claim 27, wherein the separating comprises:

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separating the plurality of SDMA data streams using a channel matrix.

32. (New) The method of claim 27, wherein the separating comprises: separating the plurality of SDMA data streams into the separated plurality of data streams using a frequency spatial demapper.

33. (New) The method of claim 27, wherein the separating comprises: separating the plurality of SDMA data streams into a separated plurality of data streams, wherein at least some of the separated plurality of data streams have different frequency offsets.

- 34. (New) The method of claim 27, wherein a number of the separated plurality of data streams correspond to a like number of wireless channels.
- 35. (New) An article comprising a memory have instructions stored thereon, wherein the instructions, when executed, cause the processor to perform:

converting a plurality of spatial division multiple access (SDMA) data streams from a first time domain to a frequency domain after the plurality of SDMA data streams have been received as a plurality of uplinked SDMA data streams that are out of synchronism by a time period greater than an allowed guard band time period;

separating the plurality of SDMA data streams into a separated plurality of data streams in the frequency domain;

converting the separated plurality of data streams from the frequency domain to a second time domain; and

synchronizing the separated plurality of data streams in the second time domain.

- 36. (New) The article of claim 35, wherein the separating comprises: separating the plurality of SDMA data streams at a wireless access point.
- 37. (New) The article of claim 35, wherein the instructions, when executed, cause the processor to perform:

computing a frequency response for a plurality of channels corresponding in number to a number of the plurality of SDMA data streams.

- 38. (New) The article of claim 35, wherein the synchronizing comprises: synchronizing at least one of the separated plurality of data streams after detecting a boundary between preambles.
- 39. (New) The article of claim 35, wherein the instructions, when executed, cause the processor to perform:

estimating a coarse frequency offset between receiver and transmitter oscillator clocks.

40. (New) An apparatus, including:

a separation module to separate a plurality of spatial division multiple access (SDMA) data streams into a plurality of separated data streams, in a frequency domain, after the plurality of SDMA data streams have been converted from a first time domain to the frequency domain, wherein the plurality of SDMA data streams have been received as a plurality of uplinked SDMA data streams that are out of synchronism by a time period greater than an allowed guard band time period; and

a synchronization module to synchronize the separated plurality of data streams in a second time domain after the separated plurality of data streams have been converted from the frequency domain to the second time domain.

- 41. (New) The apparatus of claim 40, wherein the separation module comprises: a spatial demultiplexer to provide the separated plurality of data streams.
- 42. (New) The apparatus of claim 40, wherein the separation module comprises: a module to perform a fast Fourier transform on the plurality of SDMA data streams.
- 43. (New) The apparatus of claim 40, wherein the separation module comprises:

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a module to perform an inverse fast Fourier transform on at least one of the separated plurality of data streams.

## 44. (New) A system, comprising:

a separation module to separate a plurality of spatial division multiple access (SDMA) data streams into a plurality of separated data streams, in a frequency domain, after the plurality of SDMA data streams have been converted from a first time domain to the frequency domain, wherein the plurality of SDMA data streams have been received as a plurality of uplinked SDMA data streams that are out of synchronism by a time period greater than an allowed guard band time period;

a synchronization module to synchronize the separated plurality of data streams in a second time domain after the separated plurality of data streams have been converted from the frequency domain to the second time domain; and

a wireless access point coupled to a plurality of antennas to receive the plurality of SDMA data streams.

## 45. (New) The system of claim 44, further comprising;

a processor to form a Q x P channel matrix, wherein the plurality of antennas comprises Q antennas, and wherein the plurality of SDMA data streams comprises P data streams.

46. (New) The system of claim 44, wherein the wireless access point is to train at least one channel for at least some of a plurality of stations associated with the plurality of SDMA data streams.